SAFETY DATA SHEET



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name or designation

Universal Blue/Aerograde PL32 -Light, Medium and Heavy Grades

of the mixture

Registration number -

Synonyms None. SDS number 60

Issue date 18-April-2016

Version number 02

Revision date 20-June-2016 Supersedes date 20-June-2016

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Non-Setting and Non-Hardening Gasketing Compound.

Uses advised against None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer: Hylomar Ltd.

Address: Hylo House, Cale Lane, New Springs,

Wigan, Greater Manchester,

UK, WN2 1JT

Telephone number: +44(0)1942 617000

E-mail address: info@hylomar.co.uk

Contact person: Technical Department

1.4. Emergency telephone +1-760-476-3961 (US)

number

Access code: 333544

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Health hazards

Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2 H319 - Causes serious eye

irritation.

Carcinogenicity Category 2 H351 - Suspected of causing

cancer.

irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single Category 3 respiratory tract irritation H335 - May cause respiratory

exposure

exposure

exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - single Category 3 narcotic effects H336 - May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated Category 2 (kidney, liver) H373 - May cause damage to

organs (kidney, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Hazard summary Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin and eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause

respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs (kidney,

liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Contains: Dichloromethane

Universal Blue/Aerograde PL32 –Light, Medium and Heavy Grades
933156 Version #: 02 Revision date: 20-June-2016 Issue date: 18-April-2016

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Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed. H302 Causes skin irritation. H315 Causes serious eye irritation. H319 May cause respiratory irritation. H335 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H336

Suspected of causing cancer. H351

May cause damage to organs (kidney, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Do not breathe mist or vapour. P260

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280

Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present P305 + P351 + P338

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P308 + P313

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P233

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. P501

Supplemental label information None.

Not a PBT or vPvB substance or mixture. 2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	INDEX No.	Notes
Dichloromethane	25-65	75-09-2 200-838-9	-	602-004-00-3	
Classification:	Acute Tox. 4;H302, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, STOT SE 3;H335, STOT SE 3;H336, Carc. 2;H351, STOT RE 2;H373				

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move into fresh air and keep at rest. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by

trained personnel. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get

medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately rinse eyes with water. Remove any contact lenses, and continue flushing eyes with

running water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to ensure rinsing of the entire surface of

the eye and lids with water. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that

stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Drink a few glasses of water or milk. Get medical

attention immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms include itching, burning, redness, and tearing of eyes. Itching, redness, burning of skin. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Harmful if swallowed. Prolonged exposure may

cause chronic effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

Universal Blue/Aerograde PL32 - Light, Medium and Heavy Grades 933156 Version #: 02 Revision date: 20-June-2016 Issue date: 18-April-2016

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards The product is not flammable.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Water spray, foam, dry powder or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

By heating and fire, toxic vapours/gases may be formed. Solvent vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in

the workplace.

Special fire fighting

procedures

Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency

personnel

Keep upwind. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Avoid inhalation of vapours/mist and contact with skin and eyes.

For emergency responders

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this

safety data sheet.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or

onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources. Ventilate the area. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Transfer to a container for disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid inhalation of vapours/mist and contact with skin and eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid release to the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, spark, open flames and other sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible materials. Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C.

Non-Setting and Non-Hardening Gasketing Compound. 7.3. Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)

Components	Туре	Value	
Dichloromethane (CAS 75-09-2)	STEL	1060 mg/m3	
,		300 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	

Biological limit values

(DNELs)

UK. EH40 Biological Monitoring Guidance Values (BMGVs)

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling time	
Dichloromethane (CAS 75-09-2)	30 ppm	Carbon monoxide	end-tidal breath	*	
* - For sampling details, pl	ease see the sour	ce document.			
commended monitoring ocedures	Follow stand	Follow standard monitoring procedures.			
rived no effect levels	Not available.				

Universal Blue/Aerograde PL32 -Light, Medium and Heavy Grades 933156 Version #: 02 Revision date: 20-June-2016 Issue date: 18-April-2016 Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs) Not available.

Exposure guidelines

UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation

Dichloromethane (CAS 75-09-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimise the risk of

inhalation of vapours. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in **General information**

discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

If eye contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields or chemical type goggles should be worn. Eve/face protection

Skin protection

- Hand protection Wear protective gloves. Polyvinyl alcohol gloves are recommended. Be aware that the liquid may

penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the

glove supplier.

Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended. - Other

In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapours, use suitable respiratory Respiratory protection

> equipment with gas filter (type A2). If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Hygiene measures Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material

and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

Environmental exposure

controls

Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Blue thixotropic gel. **Appearance**

Physical state Liquid.

Form Thixotropic gel.

Colour Blue. Odour Sweet. **Odour threshold** Not available. Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not applicable.

Not applicable. Flash point **Evaporation rate** Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not applicable.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not applicable.

47 kPa (20 °C) Vapour pressure 2.93 (Air = 1) (20 °C)Vapour density

Relative density 1.32 (20 °C) Solubility(ies) Slightly miscible.

Partition coefficient

1.25 - 1.3 (Measured) (n-octanol/water) **Auto-ignition temperature** 600 °C (1112 °F) **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not applicable. **Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Oxidising properties Not oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Explosive limit Not available.

VOC 25 - 65 % (Hylomar Test Method 1.1A Determination of Volatile Matter)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. ReactivityThe product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Heat, sparks, flames, elevated temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents. Alkali metals.

10.6. Hazardous Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Irritating to respiratory system. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May be absorbed through the skin.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.

Symptoms Symptoms include itching, burning, redness, and tearing of eyes. Itching, redness, burning of

skin. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Harmful if swallowed. Prolonged exposure

may cause chronic effects.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed.

Components Species Test results

Dichloromethane (CAS 75-09-2)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg, OECE test guideline 402

Oral

LD50 Rat 1600 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Skin sensitisation**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity Positive in vitro, but negative in vivo assays.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Dichloromethane (CAS 75-09-2) 2A Probably carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicityBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (kidney, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Mixture versus substance

information

No data available.

Other information Symptoms may be delayed. Severe overexposure may cause cardiac sensitisation and result in

irregular rhythm.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. ToxicityThe product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Product Species Test results

Universal Blue/Aerograde PL32 – Light, Medium and Heavy Grades (CAS Mixture)

Acute

LC50 Salmo garidneri 5.5 mg/l, 96 hours

Aquatic

Acute

 Algae
 > 662 mg/l, 48 hours

 Crustacea
 EC50
 Daphnia magna
 135 - 2270 mg/l, 48 hours

 Fish
 LC50
 Fish
 135 - 502 mg/l, 96 hours

Chronic

Fish LC50 Guppy (Poecilia reticulata) 295 mg/l, 14 days

NOEC Pimephales promelas 357 mg/l, 8 days

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product is not readily biodegradable. BOD: 5 - 25% / 28 days. The product is intrinsically

biodegradable. Degradation = 100% / 28 days.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Potential to bioaccumulate is low. BCF (Cyprinus carpio): 6.4 - 40, 42 days at 0.025 ppm. Log

Pow: 1.25 - 1.30 (measured).

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)

Universal Blue/Aerograde PL32 -Light, Medium and Heavy 1.25 - 1.3, (Measured)

Grades

Dichloromethane (CAS 75-09-2) 1.25

Bioconcentration factor (BCF) Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil No data available.

Mobility in generalThe product is slightly soluble in water.12.5. Results of PBTNot a PBT or vPvB substance or mixture.

and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some

product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

EU waste code 16 03 05*

The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Disposal methods/information Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Collect and reclaim or dispose in

sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2810

14.2. UN proper shipping Toxic liquid, organic, n.o.s. (Dichloromethane)

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 6.1
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 6.1
Hazard No. (ADR) 60
Tunnel restriction code E
14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards No

14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

for user

RID

14.1. UN number UN2810

Toxic liquid, organic, n.o.s. (Dichloromethane) 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class 6.1 Subsidiary risk Label(s) 6 1 Ш 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards No Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. 14.6. Special precautions for user ADN UN2810 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping Toxic liquid, organic, n.o.s. (Dichloromethane) name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) **Class** 6.1 Subsidiary risk 6.1 Label(s) 14.4. Packing group Ш 14.5. Environmental hazards No Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. 14.6. Special precautions for user IATA UN2810 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping Toxic liquid, organic, n.o.s. (Dichloromethane) name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class 6.1 Subsidiary risk 6.1 Label(s) 14.4. Packing group Ш 14.5. Environmental hazards No **ERG Code** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. 14.6. Special precautions for user **IMDG** 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping Toxic liquid, organic, n.o.s. (Dichloromethane) name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class 6.1 Subsidiary risk Label(s) 6.1 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards Marine pollutant No F-A, S-A **EmS**

14.6. Special precautions Read safe

for user

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

14.7. Transport in bulk Not applicable. according to Annex II of Marpol

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 850/2004 On persistent organic pollutants, Annex I as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended

Not listed

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Dichloromethane (CAS 75-09-2)

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorisation, as amended Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended Dichloromethane (CAS 75-09-2)

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

Not listed.

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

Not listed.

Other regulations This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as

amended. The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

(CLP Regulation) as amended and respective national laws implementing EC directives.

National regulations Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to the EU

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

15.2. Chemical safety

assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level.

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration.
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic.
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative.

LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.

LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.

References HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) ESIS (European chemical Substances Information System)

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

The mixture is classified based on test data for physical hazards. The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if

available. For details, refer to Sections 9, 11 and 12.

Full text of any H-statements not written out in full under

Sections 2 to 15

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Training information Follow training instructions when handling this material.

DisclaimerThe information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available.